

EC20 TCPIP AT Commands Manual

LTE Module Series

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History

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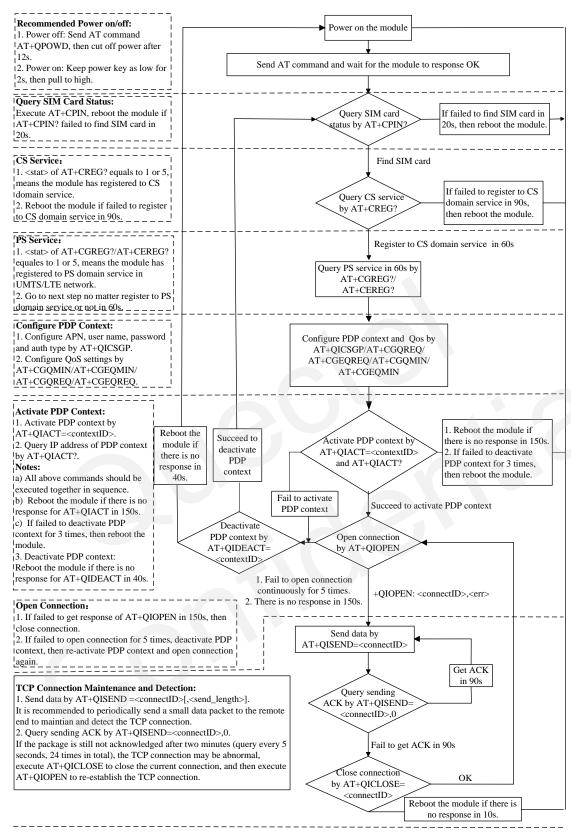
1 Introduction

The module embeds a TCP/IP stack. Host is able to access the Internet directly over AT commands. It can reduce the dependence on the PPP and TCP/IP protocol stack and thus minimize the cost. The module provides the following socket services: TCP client, UDP client, TCP server and UDP service.

1.1. The Process of Using TCPIP AT Commands

Through TCPIP AT commands, host can configure PDP context, activate/deactivate PDP context, start/close socket service and send/receive data via socket service. Figure 1 illustrates how to use TCPIP AT commands:





Notes:

- 1. Please note that you need to wait for the final response (for example OK, CME error, CMS error) of the last AT command you entered before you enter the next AT command. You can reboot the module if the module failed to get response in 60s.
- 2. Reboot the module if the module has not got response of AT+QIACT in 150s or response of AT+QICLOSE in 10s and AT+QIDEACT in 40s.

 3. When you constantly failed to restart for 3 times, you can restart immediately for the first time after that, if it still fails, you should restart after
- 3. When you constantly failed to restart for 3 times, you can restart immediately for the first time after that, if it still fails, you should restart after 10 minutes for the second time, and restart after 30 minutes for the third time, 1 hour for the fourth time, etc..

Figure 1: Flow Chart of Using TCPIP AT Commands



1.2. Description of Data Access Mode

The TCPIP AT commands of the module include three kinds of data access modes:

- 1. Buffer access mode
- 2. Direct push access mode
- 3. Transparent access mode

When opening a socket service via AT+QIOPEN, specify the data access mode by the parameter <access_mode>. After a socket service is opened, AT+QISWTMD could be used to change the data access mode.

- In buffer access mode, send data by AT+QISEND. When the data has been received, the module will buffer the data and report an URC as +QIURC: "recv", <connectID>. Then host can read data by AT+QIRD. Note: If the buffer is not empty, the module will not report a new URC until all the received data has been read by AT+QIRD from buffer.
- 2. In direct push mode, send data by AT+QISEND. The received data will be outputted to COM port directly by +QIURC: "recv",<connectID>,<currectrecvlength><CR><LF><data>.
- 3. In transparent access mode, the corresponding port (such as UART, USB modem port, etc.) enters into the exclusive mode (Note that the USB AT port does not support transparent access mode). The data received from COM port will be sent to Internet directly, and the received data from Internet will be output to COM port directly as well. "+++" is used to exit from transparent access mode. When "+++" returns OK, the module will be switched to buffer access mode. AT+QISWTMD can be used to return back to transparent access mode. Note: In transparent access mode, host cannot execute AT command. If the socket connection is closed because of network error or else, the module will report NO CARRIER and exit from the transparent access mode. In this case, AT+QICLOSE should be executed to close socket service.
- 4. To exit from the transparent access mode, use "+++" or DTR (AT&D1 should be set). To prevent the "+++" from being misinterpreted as data, it should comply to the following sequence:
 - 1) Do not input any character within T1 time (1 second) before inputting "+++".
 - 2) Input "+++" during 1s, and no other characters can be inputted during this time.
 - 3) Do not input any character within T1 time (1 second) after "+++" has been inputted.
 - 4) Exit from transparent access mode, return OK.
- 5. There are two methods to return back to the transparent access mode:
 - By AT+QISWTMD. Specify the <access_mode> as 2. If it enters into transparent access mode successfully, CONNECT will be returned.
 - 2) By ATO. ATO will change the access mode of connection that exits from transparent access mode lately. If it enters into transparent access mode successfully, CONNECT will be returned. If there is no connection enters into transparent access mode before, ATO will return NO CARRIER.



2 Description of AT Command

2.1. AT+QICSGP Configure Context

Configure the <APN>, <username>, <password> and other contexts by AT+QICSGP. The QoS of the context can be configured by AT+CGQMIN, AT+CGEQMIN, AT+CGEQMEQ and AT+CGEQREQ.

AT+QICSGP Configure Context	
Test Command AT+QICSGP=?	Response +QICSGP: (1-16),1, <apn>,<username>,<password>,(0-3) OK</password></username></apn>
Query the configuration of context AT+QICSGP= <contextid></contextid>	Response +QICSGP: <context_type>,<apn>,<username>,<password>,<authent ication=""> OK</authent></password></username></apn></context_type>
Write Command, configure the context AT+QICSGP= <contextid>,<context_t ype="">,[<apn>[,<username>,<passwor d="">)[,<authentication>]]]</authentication></passwor></username></apn></context_t></contextid>	Response OK ERROR

Parameter

<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, context ID, range is 1-16		
<context_type></context_type>	> Integer type, protocol type		
	<u>1</u> IPV4		
<apn></apn>	String type, access point name		
<username></username>	String type, username		
<password></password>	String type, password		
<authentication></authentication>	Integer type, the authentication methods		
	<u>0</u> NONE		
	1 PAP		
	2 CHAP		
	3 PAP_OR_CHAP		



Example

```
AT+QICSGP=1 //Query the configuration of context 1.
+QICSGP: 1,"","","",0

OK
AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1 //Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.
OK
```

2.2. AT+QIACT Activate PDP Context

Before activating context by AT+QIACT, host should configure the context by AT+QICSGP. After activation, the IP address can be queried by AT+QIACT?. The range of <contextID> is 1-16, but the maximum number of context which can be activated at the same time is 3. Depending on the Network, it may take at most 150 seconds to return OK or ERROR after executing AT+QIACT. Before the response is returned, other AT commands cannot be executed.

AT+QIACT Activate PDP Context	
Test Command	Response
AT+QIACT=?	+QIACT: (1-16)
	ок
Read command	Response
AT+QIACT?	Return the list of the current activated context and its IP address:
	+QIACT:
	1, <context_state>,<context_type>[,<ip_address>]</ip_address></context_type></context_state>
	[
	+QIACT:
	16, <context_state>,<context_type>[,<ip_address>]]</ip_address></context_type></context_state>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+QIACT= <contextid></contextid>	Activate the context of specified <contextid>:</contextid>
	ОК
	ERROR
Maximum Response Time	150 seconds, determined by network.



<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, context ID, range is 1-16	
<context_state></context_state>	Integer type, context state	
	0 Deactivated	
	1 Activated	
<contex_type></contex_type>	Integer type, protocol type	
	<u>1</u> IPV4	
<ip_address></ip_address>	The local IP address after context is activated	

2.3. AT+QIDEACT Deactivate PDP Context

AT+QIDEACT will deactivate the specific context <contextID> and close all TCPIP connections set up in this context. Depending on the Network, it may take at most 40 seconds to return OK or ERROR after executing AT+QIDEACT. Before the response is returned, other AT commands cannot be executed.

AT+QIDEACT Deactivate PDP Co	ontext
Test Command AT+QIDEACT=?	Response OK
Write Command AT+QIDEACT= <contextid></contextid>	Response OK ERROR
Maximum Response Time	40 seconds, determined by network.

Parameter

|--|

2.4. AT+QIOPEN Start Socket Service

Start a socket service by AT+QIOPEN. The service type can be specified by the parameter <service_type>. The data access mode (buffer access mode, direct push access mode and transparent access mode) can be specified by parameter <access_mode>. The URC "+QIOPEN" indicates whether the socket service is started successfully.

1. If <service_type> is "TCP LISTENER", module works as TCP SERVER. After accepting a new TCP connection, module will auto specify a <connectID> and report a URC as "+QIURC:



"incoming", <connectID>, <remoteIP>, <remote_port>". The range of <connectID> is 0-11. The type of this new incoming connection is "TCP INCOMING" and the <access_mode> of "TCP INCOMING" is the same with the <access_mode> of "TCP LISTENER".

- 2. If <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE", UDP data can be sent to or received from the remote IP via <local_port>.
 - Send data: AT+QISEND=<connectID>,<send_length>,<remotelP>,<remote_port>.
 - Receive data in direct push access mode: report a URC as "+QIURC: "recv",<connectID>,<currentrecvlength>,<remoteIP>,<remote_port><CR><LF><data>"
 - Receive data in buffer access mode: report a URC as +QIURC: "recv",<connectID>, then retrieve data by AT+QIRD=<connectID>.
- It is suggested to wait 150 seconds for the URC response as "+QIOPEN: <connectID>,<err>". If the URC response has not been received in 150 seconds, host could use AT+QICLOSE to close the socket.

AT+QIOPEN Start Socket Service	
Test Command AT+QIOPEN=?	Response +QIOPEN: (1-16),(0-11),"TCP/UDP/TCP LISTENER/UDP SERVICE"," <ip_address>/<domain_name>",<remote_port>,<local_port>,(0-2)</local_port></remote_port></domain_name></ip_address>
	OK
Read Command AT+QIOPEN?	Response
AT+QIOPEN?	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+QIOPEN= <contextid>,<connectid>,<service_type>,<ip_address>/<dom< td=""><td>If the <access_mode> is transparent access mode and it is successful to start the service, response:</access_mode></td></dom<></ip_address></service_type></connectid></contextid>	If the <access_mode> is transparent access mode and it is successful to start the service, response:</access_mode>
ain_name>, <remote_port>[,<local_po< td=""><td>CONNECT</td></local_po<></remote_port>	CONNECT
rt>[, <access_mode>]]</access_mode>	Else, response:
	ERROR
	Error description can be got via AT+QIGETERROR.
	If the <access_mode> is buffer access mode or direct push mode, response: OK</access_mode>
	+QIOPEN: <connectid>,<err></err></connectid>
	<pre><err> is 0 when service is started successfully, else <err> is not 0.</err></err></pre>
Maximum Response Time	150 seconds, determined by network.



<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, context ID, range is 1-16		
<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, socket service index, range is 0-11		
<service_type></service_type>	e> String type, socket service type		
	"TCP"	Start a TCP connection as a client	
	"UDP"	Start a UDP connection as a client	
	"TCP LISTENER"	Start a TCP server to listen to TCP connection	
	"UDP SERVICE"	Start a UDP service	
<ip_address></ip_address>	String type		
	If <service_type> is TCP or UDP, it indicates the IP address of remote server, such as</service_type>		
	"220.180.239.201"		
If <service_type> is TCP LISTENER or UDP SERVICE, p</service_type>		TCP LISTENER or UDP SERVICE, please enter "127.0.0.1"	
<domain_name></domain_name>			
<remote_port></remote_port>	t> The port of the remote server, only valid when <service_type> is "TCP" or "UDF</service_type>		
	range is 0-65535		
<local_port></local_port>	The local port, range is 0-65535		
	If <service_type> is "TCP LISTENER" or "UDP SERVICE", this parameter must be</service_type>		
	specified		
If <service_type> is "TCP" or "UDP", if <local_port> is 0, then the lo assigned automatically, else the local port is assigned as specified</local_port></service_type>		"TCP" or "UDP", if <local_port> is 0, then the local port will be</local_port>	
		ally, else the local port is assigned as specified	
<access_mode></access_mode>	Integer type, the data access mode of the socket services		
	<u>0</u> Buffer acce	ess mode	
	1 Direct push	mode	
	2 Transparen	t access mode	
<err></err>	Integer type, error code. Please refer to Chapter 3 for details		

2.5. AT+QICLOSE Close Socket Service

Close the specified socket service by AT+QICLOSE. Depending on the Network, it will take at most 10 seconds (default value, host could modify the time with <timeout>) to return OK or ERROR after executing AT+QICLOSE. Before the response is returned, other AT commands cannot be executed.

AT+QICLOSE Close Socket Service		
Test Command AT+QICLOSE=?	Response OK	
Write Command AT+QICLOSE= <connectid>[,<timeout>]</timeout></connectid>	Response If closes successfully, response: OK	
	If failed to close, response:	



	ERROR
Parameter	
<connectid> <timeout></timeout></connectid>	Integer type, socket service index, range is 0-11 Integer type. If the FIN ACK of the other peers is still not received until <timeout> expires, the module will force to close the socket. Range is 1-65535. Default: 10. Unit:</timeout>
	second

2.6. AT+QISTATE Query Socket Service Status

AT+QISTATE can be used to query the socket service status. If the <query_type> is 0, it will return the status of all existing socket services in the context of specified <contextID>. If the <query_type> is 1, it will return the status of specified <connectID> socket service.

AT+QISTATE Query Socket Service Status		
Test Command AT+QISTATE=?	Response OK	
Read Command AT+QISTATE?	Response Return the status of all existing connections List of (+QISTATE: <connectid>,<service_type>,<ip_address>,<remote_port> ,<local_port>,<socket_state>,<contextid>,<serverid>,<ac cess_mode="">,<at_port>) OK</at_port></ac></serverid></contextid></socket_state></local_port></remote_port></ip_address></service_type></connectid>	
If <query_type> is 0, query by specified <contextid> AT+QISTATE=<query_type>,<context id=""></context></query_type></contextid></query_type>	Response Return the status of all existing connections in specified <contextid> List of (+QISTATE: <connectid>,<service_type>,<ip_address>,<remote_port> ,<local_port>,<socket_state>,<contextid>,<serverid>,<ac cess_mode="">,<at_port>) OK</at_port></ac></serverid></contextid></socket_state></local_port></remote_port></ip_address></service_type></connectid></contextid>	
If <query_type> is 1, query by specified <connectid> AT+QISTATE=<query_type>,<connect id=""></connect></query_type></connectid></query_type>	Response +QISTATE: <connectid>,<service_type>,<ip_address>,<remote_port> ,<local_port>,<socket_state>,<contextid>,<serverid>,<ac< td=""></ac<></serverid></contextid></socket_state></local_port></remote_port></ip_address></service_type></connectid>	



ок	

<query_type> Integer type, the query type

0 Query connection status by <contextID>1 Query connection status by <connectID>

<contextID> Integer type, context ID, range is 1-16

<connectID> Integer type, socket service index, range is 0-11

<service_type> String type, the service type

"TCP" TCP connection as a client
"UDP" UDP connection as a client

"TCP LISTENER" TCP listener socket as a TCP server

"TCP INCOMING" TCP connection accepted by a TCP server

"UDP SERVICE" UDP service

<IP_address> IP address

If <service_type>="TCP" or "UDP", <IP_address> is the IP address of remote server
If <service_type>="TCP LISTENER" or "UDP SERVICE", <IP_address> is local IP

address

If <service_type>="TCP INCOMING", <IP_address> is the IP address of remote client

<remote_port> Remote port number

If <service_type>="TCP" or "UDP", <remote_port> is the port of remote server

If <service_type>="TCP LISTENER" or "UDP SERVICE", <remote_port> is invalid

If <service_type>="TCP INCOMING", <remote_port> is the port of remote client

local_port> Local port number

If <local_port> is 0, local port is assigned automatically

<socket state> Integer type, socket service state

0 "Initial" connection has not been established

1 "Opening" client is connecting or server is trying to listen

2 "Connected" client/incoming connection has been established

3 "Listening" server is listening4 "Closing" connection is closing

<serverID> Only valid when <service_type> is "TCP INCOMING". <serverID> represents which

server accepts this TCP incoming connection, the value is the same as <connectID> of

this server's "TCP LISTENER"

<access_mode> Data access mode

Buffer access modeDirect push mode

2 Transparent access mode

<aT_port> String type, COM port of socket service

"usbmodem" USB MODEM PORT



"usbat"	USB AT PORT
"uart1"	UART PORT1
"cmux1"	MUX PORT 1
"cmux2"	MUX PORT 2
"cmux3"	MUX PORT 3
"cmux4"	MUX PORT 4

2.7. AT+QISEND Send Data

If <access_mode> of the specified socket service is buffer access mode or direct push mode, send data by AT+QISEND. If data is sent to the module successfully, return "SEND OK", else return "SEND FAIL" or "ERROR". "SEND FAIL" indicates the send buffer is full and host can try to resend the data. "ERROR" indicates it encounters error in the process of sending data. The host should delay some time for sending data. The maximum length of sending data is 1460. "SEND OK" does not mean the data has been sent to the server successfully. Through the "AT+QISEND=<connectID>, 0" command, host can query whether the data has reached the server.

AT+QISEND Send Data	
Test Command AT+QISEND=?	Response +QISEND: (0-11),(0-1460)
	ок
If <service_type> is "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP INCOMING", send data with changeable length AT+QISEND=<connectid> Response ">", then type data to send, tap CTRL+Z to send, tap ESC to cancel</connectid></service_type>	> <input data=""/> CTRL+Z
the operation	response: SEND OK
	If connection has been established but sending buffer is full, response: SEND FAIL
	If connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or parameter is incorrect, response: ERROR
If <service_type> is "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP INCOMING", send data with fixed</service_type>	Response >
length	<input data="" length="" specified="" with=""/>



AT+QISEND= <connectid>,<send_len gth=""> Response ">", type data until the data length is equal to <send_length></send_length></send_len></connectid>	If connection has been established and sending is successful, response: SEND OK If connection has been established but sending buffer is full, response: SEND FAIL If connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or parameter is incorrect, response: ERROR
If <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE" AT+QISEND=<connectid>,<send_len gth="">,<remoteip>,<remote_port> Response ">", type data until the data length is equal to <send_length></send_length></remote_port></remoteip></send_len></connectid></service_type>	Response This command is used to send fixed length data to specified remote IP address and remote port. The <service_type> must be "UDP SERVICE". > <input data="" length="" specified="" with=""/> If connection has been established and sending is successful, response: SEND OK If connection has been established but sending buffer is full, response: SEND FAIL If connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or parameter is incorrect, response: ERROR</service_type>
When <send_length> is 0, query the sent data AT+QISEND=<connectid>,0</connectid></send_length>	Response If the specified <connectid> connection has existed, return: +QISEND: <total_send_length>,<ackedbytes>,<unackedbytes> OK Else, return: ERROR</unackedbytes></ackedbytes></total_send_length></connectid>

<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, socket service index, range is 0-11		
<send_length></send_length>	Integer type, the length of data to be sent, which cannot exceed 1460		
<remotelp></remotelp>	String type, the remote IP address(must dot format), only valid when		



	coording types is "UDD CEDVICE"
	<pre><service_type> is "UDP SERVICE"</service_type></pre>
<remote_port></remote_port>	Integer type, the remote port, only valid when <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE"</service_type>
<total_send_length></total_send_length>	Integer type, the total length of sent data
<ackedbytes></ackedbytes>	Integer type, the total length of acknowledged data
<unackedbytes></unackedbytes>	Integer type, the total length of unacknowledged data
<err></err>	Integer type, error code. Please refer to Chapter 3 for details

2.8. AT+QIRD Retrieve the Received TCP/IP Data

In buffer access mode, after receiving data, the module will buffer it and report a URC as +QIURC: "recv",<connectID> to notify the host. Then host can retrieve data by AT+QIRD.

Notes: If the buffer is not empty, and the module receives data again, then it will not report a new URC until all the received data has been retrieved by AT+QIRD from buffer.

AT+QIRD Retrieve the Received TCP/IP Data	
Test Command AT+QIRD=?	Response +QIRD: (0-11),(0-1500) OK
When <service_type> is "TCP"/"UDP"/"TCP INCOMING" AT+QIRD=<connectid>[,<read_length>]</read_length></connectid></service_type>	Response If the specified connection has received data, response: +QIRD: <read_actual_length><cr><lf><data> OK If no data, return: +QIRD: 0 OK If connection does not exist, return: ERROR</data></lf></cr></read_actual_length>
When <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE" AT+QIRD=<connectid></connectid></service_type>	Response If data exists, return: +QIRD: <read_actual_length>,<remotelp>,<remote_port><cr><lf><data> OK If there is no data, return: +QIRD: 0</data></lf></cr></remote_port></remotelp></read_actual_length>



	OK If connection does not exist, return: ERROR
When <read_length> is 0, query retrieved data AT+QIRD=<connectid>,0</connectid></read_length>	Response If the specified connection has existed, return: +QIRD: <total_receive_length>,<have_read_length>,<unread_length> th></unread_length></have_read_length></total_receive_length>
	OK Else response:
	ERROR

<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, the socket service index, the range is 0-11	
<read_length></read_length>	The maximum length of data to be retrieved, the range is 0-1500	
<read_actual_length></read_actual_length>	The actual length of received data	
<remotelp></remotelp>	String type, the remote IP address, only valid when <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE"</service_type>	
<remote_port></remote_port>	Integer type, the remote port, only valid when <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE"</service_type>	
<data></data>	The retrieved data	
<total_receive_length></total_receive_length>	The total length of received data	
<have_read_length></have_read_length>	The read length of received data	
<unread_length></unread_length>	The unread length of received data	

2.9. AT+QISENDEX Send HEX String

This command cannot be applied for "UDP SERVICE" and "TCP LISTENER" Socket.

AT+QISENDEX Send HEX String		
Test Command AT+QISENDEX=?	Response +QISENDEX: (0-11), <hex_string> OK</hex_string>	
Write Command AT+QISENDEX= <connectid>,<h ex_string=""></h></connectid>	Response SEND OK	



If no data, return: SEND FAIL
If connection does not exist, return: ERROR

<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, the socket service index, the range is 0-11
<hex_string></hex_string>	String type, hex string, the max length is 512

2.10. AT+QISWTMD Switch Data Access Mode

AT+QISWTMD can switch the data access mode: buffer access mode, direct push mode and transparent access mode. When starting a socket service, host can specify the data access mode by the parameter <access_mode> of AT+QIOPEN. After a socket has been started, host can change the data access mode by AT+QISWTMD.

AT+QISWTMD Switch Data Access Mode	
Test Command AT+QISWTMD=?	Response +QISWTMD: (0-11),(0-2)
Read Command AT+QISWTMD?	Response OK
Write Command AT+QISWTMD= <connectid>,<access _mode=""></access></connectid>	Response If switch successfully and <access_mode> is 0 or 1, response: OK</access_mode>
	If switch successfully and <access_mode> is 2, module will enter into data mode, response: CONNECT Else response: ERROR</access_mode>



<connectid></connectid>	Intege	Integer type, the socket service index, the range is 0-11	
<access_mode></access_mode>	Integer type, the data access mode of the connection		
	0	Buffer access mode	
	1	Direct push mode	
	2	Transparent access mode	

2.11. AT+QPING Ping a Remote Server

AT+QPING is used to test the Internet Protocol reachability of a host. Before using ping tools, host should activate the context corresponding to <contextID> via AT+QIACT first. It will return the result during <timeout> and the default value of <timeout> is 4 second.

AT+QPING Ping a Remote Server	
Test Command	Response
AT+QPING=?	+QPING: (1-16), <host>,(1-255),(1-10)</host>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+QPING= <contextid>,<host>[,<tim< td=""><td>If ping successfully, return:</td></tim<></host></contextid>	If ping successfully, return:
eout>[, <pingnum>]]</pingnum>	OK
	[+QPING:
	<result>[,<ip_address>,<bytes>,<time>,<ttl>]<cr><lf>]</lf></cr></ttl></time></bytes></ip_address></result>
	+QPING:
	<finresult>[,<sent>,<rcvd>,<lost>,<min>,<max>,<avg>]</avg></max></min></lost></rcvd></sent></finresult>
	Else response:
	ERROR

Parameter

<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, the context ID, the range is 1-16	
<host></host>	The host address in string type, format is a domain name or a dotted decimal IP address	
<timeout></timeout>	Integer type, set the maximum time to wait for the response of each ping request Unit: second, range: 1-255, default: 4	
<pingnum></pingnum>	Integer type, set the maximum time of ping request. Range: 1-10. Default: 4	
<result></result>	The result of each ping request	
	0 Received the ping response from the server. In this case, it is followed by ", <ip_address>,<time>,<ttl>"</ttl></time></ip_address>	



	Others Refer to Chapter 3	
<ip_address></ip_address>	The IP address of the remote server formatted as a dotted decimal IP	
 	The length of sending each ping request	
<time></time>	The time wait for the response of the ping request. Unit: ms	
<ttl></ttl>	Time To Live value of the response packet for the ping request	
<finresult></finresult>	The final result of the command	
	0 It is finished normally. It is successful to activate the context and find the host.	
	In this case, it is followed by ", <sent>,<rcvd>,<lost>,<min>,<max>,<avg>"</avg></max></min></lost></rcvd></sent>	
	Others Refer to Chapter 3	
<sent></sent>	Total number of sending the ping requests	
<rcvd></rcvd>	Total number of the ping requests that received the response	
<lost></lost>	Total number of the ping requests that are timeout	
<min></min>	The minimum response time. Unit: ms	
<max></max>	The maximum response time. Unit: ms	
<avg></avg>	The average response time. Unit: ms	

2.12. AT+QNTP Synchronize Local Time with NTP Server

NTP is intended to synchronize the Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) with the time server. Before using NTP, host should activate the context corresponding to <contextID> via AT+QIACT first. Depending on the Network, it will take at most 125 seconds to return the result.

AT+QNTP Synchronize Local Time with NTP Server	
Test command AT+QNTP=?	Response +QNTP: (1-16), <server>,(list of supported<port>s),(0,1)</port></server>
	ок
Read command	Response
AT+QNTP?	If in the process of synchronizing local time:
	+QNTP: <server>,<port> OK</port></server>
Write command	Response
AT+QNTP= <contextid>,<server></server></contextid>	If synchronize local time with NTP server successfully:
[, <port>][,<autosettime>]</autosettime></port>	OK
	+QNTP: <err>,<time></time></err>
	Else response:
	ERROR
Maximum Response Time	125s, determined by network.



<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, indicates context ID, range is 1-16	
<server></server>	String type, indicates the address of NTP server	
<port></port>	Integer type, indicates the port of NTP server	
<autosettime></autosettime>	Integer type, indicates whether auto set synchronized time to local time	
	0 Not set	
	<u>1</u> Set	
<err></err>	Integer type, indicates synchronized result, please refer to Chapter 3	
<time></time>	String type, indicates time which is synchronized from NTP server	
	The format is "YYYY/MM/DD,hh:mm:ss±zz". The range of zz is -48~56	

2.13. AT+QIDNSCFG Configure Address of DNS Server

Before setting the DNS address, host must activate the context corresponding to <contextID> via AT+QIACT first.

AT+QIDNSCFG Configure Ac	ddress of DNS Server
Test command	Response
AT+QIDNSCFG=?	+QIDNSCFG: (1-16), <pridnsaddr>,<secdnsaddr></secdnsaddr></pridnsaddr>
	OK
Configure DNS server address for	Response
specified PDP context	OK
AT+QIDNSCFG= <contextid>,<pri< td=""><td>ERROR</td></pri<></contextid>	ERROR
dnsaddr>[, <secdnsaddr>]</secdnsaddr>	
Query DNS server address of	Response
specified PDP context	+QIDNSCFG: <contextid>,<pridnsaddr>,<secdnsaddr></secdnsaddr></pridnsaddr></contextid>
AT+QIDNSCFG= <contextid></contextid>	
	ОК

Parameter

<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, indicates PDP context ID, range is 1-16
<pre><pridnsaddr></pridnsaddr></pre>	String type, indicates primary DNS server address
<secdnsaddr></secdnsaddr>	String type, indicates secondary DNS server address



2.14. AT+QIDNSGIP Get IP Address by Domain Name

Before querying the DNS, host should activate the context corresponding to <contextID> via AT+QIACT first. Depending on the Network, it will take at most 60 seconds to return the result.

AT+QIDNSGIP Get IP Address by Domain Name	
Test Command AT+QIDNSGIP=?	Response +QIDNSGIP: (1-16), <hostname></hostname>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+QIDNSGIP= <contextid>,<hos< td=""><td></td></hos<></contextid>	
tname>	OK
	ERROR
	The result will be returned as URC.
	+QIURC: "dnsgip", <err>,<ip_count>,<dns_ttl></dns_ttl></ip_count></err>
	[
	+QIURC: "dnsgip", <hostlpaddr>]</hostlpaddr>
Maximum Response Time	60s, determined by network.

Parameter

<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, indicates PDP context ID, range is 1-16
<hostname></hostname>	String type, indicates domain name
<err></err>	Integer type, please refer to Chapter 3
<ip_count></ip_count>	Integer type, the number of the IP address corresponding to the <hostname></hostname>
<dns_ttl></dns_ttl>	Integer type, the time of the DNS to live
<hostlpaddr></hostlpaddr>	String type, the IP address of <hostname></hostname>

2.15. AT+QICFG Configure Optional Parameters

AT+QICFG Configure Optional Parameters	
Test Command	Response
AT+QICFG=?	+QICFG: "transpktsize",(1-1460)
	+QICFG: "transwaittm",(0-20)
	+QICFG: "dataformat",(0,1),(0,1)
	+QICFG: "viewmode",(0,1)
	+QICFG: "tcp/retranscfg",(3-20),(5-1000)



	ок
Set packet size for transparent mode AT+QICFG="transpktsize"[, <transpktsize>]</transpktsize>	Response [+QICFG: "transpktsize", <transpktsize>] OK ERROR</transpktsize>
Set waiting time for transparent mode AT+QICFG="transwaittm"[, <transwaittm>]</transwaittm>	Response [+QICFG: "transwaittm", <transwaittm>] OK ERROR</transwaittm>
Set the data format for sending and receiving (only for non-transparent mode) AT+QICFG="dataformat"[, <send _data_format="">,<recv_data_format>]</recv_data_format></send>	Response [+QICFG: "dataformat", <send_data_format>,<recv_data_format>] OK ERROR</recv_data_format></send_data_format>
Set the display format for receiving data (only for non-transparent mode) AT+QICFG="viewmode"[, <view_mode>]</view_mode>	Response [+QICFG: "viewmode", <mode>] OK ERROR</mode>
Set the maximum interval time and number for TCP retransmission AT+QICFG="tcp/retranscfg"[, <m ax_backoffs="">,<max_rto>]</max_rto></m>	Response [+QICFG: "tcp/retranscfg", <max_backoffs>,<max_rto>] OK ERROR</max_rto></max_backoffs>

<transpktsize></transpktsize>	Integer type, indicates the max length of sending data packet, range is 1-1460, default: 1024	
<transwaittm></transwaittm>	Integer type, in transparent access mode, if the length of data received from the port is less than the specified value of <transpktsize>, after exceeding the time of <transwaittm>, data will be sent directly. Unit: 100ms, range: 0-20, default: 2</transwaittm></transpktsize>	
<send_data_format></send_data_format>	Integer type	
	<u>0</u> Text mode	
	1 Hex mode	
<recv_data_format></recv_data_format>	Integer type	
	O Text mode	
	1 Hex mode	
<view_mode></view_mode>	Integer type	



	O Receive data output format: data header\r\ndata
	1 Receive data output format: data header,data
<max_backoffs></max_backoffs>	Integer type, indicates the maximum number of TCP retransmission
	Range: 3-20, default is 8
<max_rto></max_rto>	Integer type, indicates the maximum interval time of TCP retransmission
	Range: 5-1000, default is 600, unit: 100ms

NOTE

The value of AT+QICFG="tcp/retranscfg"[,<max_backoffs>,<max_rto>] cannot be saved to NV, it will take effect to all the TCP sockets.

2.16. AT+QISDE Control Whether or Not to Echo the Data for QISEND

AT+QISDE Control Whether or Not to Echo the Data for QISEND	
Test command AT+QISDE=?	Response +QISDE: (0,1) OK
Read command AT+QISDE?	Response +QISDE: <echo></echo>
Execution Command AT+QISDE= <echo></echo>	Response OK ERROR

Parameter

<echo></echo>	A numeric indicates whether or not to echo the data for AT+QISEND		
	0	Do not echo the data	
	<u>1</u>	Echo the data	



2.17. AT+QIGETERROR Query the Last Error Code

If TCPIP AT commands respond ERROR, the details of error can be queried by AT+QIGETERROR. Please note that AT+QIGETERROR just returns error code of the last TCPIP AT command.

AT+QIGETERROR Query the Las	t Error Code
Test command AT+QIGETERROR=?	Response OK
Execution Command AT+QIGETERROR	Response +QIGETERROR: <err>,<errcode_description></errcode_description></err>
	ок

Parameter

<err></err>	Integer type, error code. Please refer to Chapter 3		
<pre><errcode_description></errcode_description></pre>	A string parameter indicates the details of error information. Please refer to		
	Chapter 3		

2.18. Description of URC

The URC of TCPIP AT commands will be reported to the host by the type of "+QIURC:". It contains the reports about incoming data, connection closed and incoming connection and so on. Actually, there is "<CR><LF>" both before and after URC, but "<CR><LF>" is omitted intentionally.

2.18.1. URC of Connection Closed

When TCP socket service is closed by remote peer or network error, this report will be outputted. The <socket_state> of <connectID> will be "closing". Host must execute AT+QICLOSE=<connectID> to change the <socket_state> to "initial".

URC of Connection Closed		
+QIURC: "closed", <connectid></connectid>		<connectid> connection is closed</connectid>
Parameter		
<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, socke	et service index, range is 0-11



2.18.2. URC of Incoming Data

In buffer access mode or direct push mode, after receiving data, the module will report URC to host.

In buffer access mode, after receiving data, the module will report URC as +QIURC: "recv",<connectID> to notify the host. Then host can retrieve data by AT+QIRD. Notes: if the buffer is not empty, and the module receives data again, it will not report a new URC until all the received data has been retrieved by AT+QIRD from buffer. In direct push mode, the received data will be outputted to COM port directly.

URC of Incoming Data	
+QIURC: "recv", <connectid></connectid>	The URC of incoming data in buffer access mode. The host can receive data by AT+QIRD.
+QIURC: "recv", <connectid>,<currentrecvleng th=""><cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></currentrecvleng></connectid>	The URC of incoming data in direct push mode when the <service_type> is "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP INCOMING".</service_type>
+QIURC: "recv", <connectid>,<currentrecvleng th="">,<remoteip>,<remote_port><cr>< LF><data></data></cr></remote_port></remoteip></currentrecvleng></connectid>	The URC of data incoming in direct push mode when <service_type> is "UDP SERVICE".</service_type>

Parameter

<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, socket service index, range is 0-11
<currentrecvlength></currentrecvlength>	Integer type, the length of actual received data
<remotelp></remotelp>	Remote IP address
<remote_port></remote_port>	Remote port
<data></data>	The received data

2.18.3. URC of Incoming Connection Full

If the incoming connection reaches the limit, or no socket system resources can be allocated, then the module will report the URC as +QIURC: "incoming full" for the new incoming connection request.

URC of Incoming Connection Full	
+QIURC: "incoming full"	Incoming connection is full.

2.18.4. URC of Incoming Connection

If the <service_type> is "TCP LISTENER", when remote client connects to this server, host will auto assign a free <connectID> for the new connection. The range of <connectID> is 0-11. The module will report URC as below. The <service_type> of new connection is "TCP INCOMING", and the



<access_mode> is buffer access mode.

URC of Incoming Connection	
+QIURC:	When new incoming connection is accepted by <serverid>,</serverid>
"incoming", <connectid>,<serverid>,</serverid></connectid>	the allocated <connectid>, <remoteip> and <remote_port></remote_port></remoteip></connectid>
<remotelp>,<remote_port></remote_port></remotelp>	will be informed from this URC.

Parameter

<connectid></connectid>	Integer type, assign this <connectid> for the incoming connection, which is auto</connectid>	
	specified by the module. The range is 0-11	
<serverid></serverid>	The incoming <connectid> accepted by the server whose <service_type> is "TCP</service_type></connectid>	
	LISTENER" and listening socket ID is <serverid></serverid>	
<remotelp></remotelp>	Remote IP address of the incoming <connectid></connectid>	
<remote_port></remote_port>	Remote port of the incoming <connectid></connectid>	

2.18.5. URC of PDP Deactivation

PDP context may be deactivated by the network. The module will report URC to the host. Host must execute AT+QIDEACT to deactivate the context and reset all connections.

URC of PDP Deactivation	
+QIURC: "pdpdeact", <contextid></contextid>	<contextid> context is deactivated.</contextid>

Parameter

<contextid></contextid>	Integer type, context ID, range is 1-16	
-------------------------	---	--



3 Description of Error Code

If TCPIP AT commands respond ERROR, the details of error can be queried by AT+QIGETERROR. Note: AT+QIGETERROR just returns error code of the last TCPIP AT command.

Table 1: The Description of Error Code

<err></err>	Description of Error Code
0	operate successfully
550	unknown error
551	operation blocked
552	invalid parameters
553	memory not enough
554	create socket failed
555	operation not supported
556	socket bind failed
557	socket listen failed
558	socket write failed
559	socket read failed
560	socket accept failed
561	open PDP context failed
562	close PDP context failed
563	socket Identity has been used
564	DNS busy
565	DNS parse failed



566	socket connect failed
567	socket has been closed
568	operation busy
569	operation timeout
570	PDP context break down
571	cancel send
572	operation not allowed
573	APN not configured
574	port busy



4 Example

4.1. Configure and Activate Context

4.1.1. Configure Context

AT+QICSGP=1,1,"UNINET","",1	//Configure context 1, APN is "UNINET" for China Unicom.
OK	

4.1.2. Activate Context

AT+QIACT=1	//Activate context 1. Depending on the Network, the maximum response time is 150s.
ОК	//Activate successfully.
AT+QIACT?	//Query the state of context.
+QIACT: 1,1,1,"10.7.157.1"	
OK	

4.1.3. Deactivate Context

AT+QIDEACT=1	//Deactivate context 1.	
ОК	//Deactivate successfully. Depending on the Network, the	
	maximum response time is 40s.	

4.2. TCP Client Works in Buffer Access Mode

4.2.1. Set up a TCP Client Connection and Enter into Buffer Access Mode

AT+QIOPEN=1,0,"TCP","220.180.239.201",8705,0,0	//Context is 1 and <connectid> is 0. Before</connectid>
	using AT+QIOPEN, host should activate the
	context with AT+QIACT first.
ОК	



+QIOPEN: 0,0 //Connect successfully. It is suggested to wait 150 seconds for the

URC response as "+QIOPEN: <connectID>,<err>". If the URC response has not been received in 150 seconds, host could use

AT+QICLOSE to close the socket.

AT+QISTATE=1,0 //Query if connection state of <connectID> is 0.

+QISTATE: 0,"TCP","220.180.239.201",8705,65514,2,1,0,0,"usbmodem"

OK

4.2.2. Send Data in Buffer Access Mode

AT+QISEND=0 //Send changeable length data. "SEND OK" does not mean the

data has been sent to the server successfully. Host can query

whether the data has reached the server via AT+QISEND=0,0.

>test1<ctrl+Z>
SEND OK

AT+QISEND=0,4

//Send fixed length data and the data length is 4.

>test

SEND OK

AT+QISEND=0,0 //Query the length of sent data.

+QISEND: 9,9,0

OK

AT+QISENDEX=0,"3132333435" //Send HEX string.

OK

AT+QISEND=0,0 //Query the length of sent data.

+QISEND: 14,14,0

OK

4.2.3. Receive Data from Remote Server in Buffer Access Mode

+QIURC: "recv",0 //The <connectID> 0 received data. AT+QIRD=0,1500 //Read data, the length is 1500.

+QIRD: 5 //The actual received data length is 5.

test1

OK

AT+QIRD=0,1500

+QIRD: 0 //No data in buffer.



OK
AT+QIRD=0,0 //Query length of total received data, including read and unread.
+QIRD: 5,5,0

OK

4.2.4. Close Connection

AT+QICLOSE=0	//Close a connection whose <connectid> is 0.</connectid>
	Depending on the Network, the maximum
	response time is 10s.
ОК	

4.3. TCP Client Works in Transparent Access Mode

4.3.1. Set up a TCP Client Connection and Enter into Transparent Access Mode

AT+QIOPEN=1,0,"TCP","220.180.239.201",8705,0,2 //Context is 1 and <connectid> is 0. Before using</connectid>	
	AT+QIOPEN, host should activate the context
	with AT+QIACT first.
CONNECT	//Connect successfully. It is suggested to wait 150
	seconds for the URC response as "CONNECT".
	If the URC response has not been received in
	150 seconds, host could use AT+QICLOSE to
	close the socket.

4.3.2. Send Data in Transparent Access Mode

<All data got from COM port will be sent to internet directly>

4.3.3. Receive Data from Remote Server in Transparent Access Mode

Test 1	//All data received from internet will be outputted to
	COM port directly.



4.3.4. Close TCP Client

AT+QICLOSE=0	//After using "+++" to exit from the transparent access
	mode, host could use AT+QICLOSE to close the
	TCP link. Depending on the Network, the maximum
	response time is 10 seconds.
ОК	

4.4. TCP Client Works in Direct Push Mode

4.4.1. Set up TCP Client Connection and Enter into Direct Push Mode

AT+QIOPEN=1,0,"TCP","220.180.239.201",8705,0,1 //Context is 1 and <connectID> is 0. Before using AT+QIOPEN, host should activate the context with AT+QIACT first.

OK

+QIOPEN: 0,0 //Connect successfully. It is suggested to wait 150 seconds for the URC response as "+QIOPEN: <connectID>,<err>". If the URC response has not been received in 150 seconds, host could use AT+QICLOSE to close the socket.

AT+QISTATE=1,0 //Query if connection state of <connectID> is 0. +QISTATE: 0,"TCP","220.180.239.201",8705,65344,2,1,0,1,"usbmodem"

OK

4.4.2. Send Data in Direct Push Mode

AT+QISEND=0	//Send changeable length data. "SEND OK" does not
	mean the data has been sent to the server
	successfully. Host can query whether the data has
	reached the server via AT+QISEND=0,0.
>test1 <ctrl+z></ctrl+z>	
SEND OK	
AT+QISEND=0,5	//Send fixed length data and the data length is 5.
>test2	
SEND OK	
AT+QISEND=0,0	//Query the length of sent data
+QISEND: 10,10,0	



OK

4.4.3. Receive Data from Remote Server in Direct Push Mode

+QIURC: "recv",0,4 //Receive data from remote server.

4.4.4. Close TCP Client

AT+QICLOSE=0	//Close the connection of which <connectid></connectid>
	is 0. Depending on the Network, the
	maximum response time is 10s.
ОК	

4.5. TCP Server Works in Buffer Access Mode

4.5.1. Start a TCP Server

AT+QIOPEN=1,1,"TCP LISTENER","127.0.0.1",0,2020,0 //Context is 1 and <connectID> is 1. Before using AT+QIOPEN, host should activate the context with AT+QIACT first.

OK

+QIOPEN: 1,0 //Start TCP server successfully.

AT+QISTATE=0,1 //Query if connection state of <contextID> is 1. +QISTATE: 1,"TCP LISTENER","10.7.157.1",0,2020,3,1,1,0,"usbmodem"

OK

4.5.2. Accept TCP Incoming Connection

+QIURC: "incoming",11,1,"172.31.242.222",54091 //Accept a TCP connection, <service_type> is TCP incoming, <connectID> is 11.



4.5.3. Receive Data from Incoming Connection

+QIURC: "recv",11	//Receive data from remote incoming connection.
AT+QIRD=11,1500	//Read data received from incoming connection
+QIRD: 4	//Actual data length is 4.
test	
ОК	
AT+QIRD=11,1500	
+QIRD: 0	//No data in buffer.
ОК	
AT+QIRD=11,0	//Query the data length of total received, including
	read and unread.
+QIRD: 4,4,0	
ОК	

4.5.4. Close TCP Server

AT+QICLOSE=11	//Close incoming connection. Depending on the
	Network, the maximum response time is 10s.
ОК	
AT+QICLOSE=1	//Close TCP server listening.
ОК	

4.6. Example of UDP Service

4.6.1. Start UDP Service

```
AT+QIOPEN=1,2,"UDP SERVICE","127.0.0.1",0,3030,0 //Start a UDP Service, <connectID> is 2 and <context> is 1. Before using AT+QIOPEN, host should activate the context with AT+QIACT first.

OK

+QIOPEN: 2,0 //Start UDP service successfully.

AT+QISTATE=0,1 //Query if connection status of <contextID> is 1. +QISTATE: 2,"UDP SERVICE","10.7.157.1",0,3030,2,1,2,0,"usbmodem"
```



OK

4.6.2. Send UDP Data to Remote

AT+QISEND=2,10,"10.7.89.10",6969	//Send 10 bytes data to remote which IP is
	10.7.89.10 and remote port is 6969.
>1234567890	
SEND OK	

4.6.3. Receive Data from Remote

+QIURC: "recv",2	//Receive data from remote.
AT+QIRD=2	//Read UDP data. One whole UDP packet will be
	outputted. There is no need to specify the read length.
+QIRD: 4,"10.7.76.34",7687	//Data length is 4, remote IP address is 10.7.76.34
	and remote port is 7687 test.
AAAA	
ок	
AT+QIRD=2	//Read data.
+QIRD: 0	//No data in buffer.
	mito data in banon
ОК	
AT+QISEND=2,10,"10.7.76.34",7687	//Send data to remote (10.7.76.34:7687).
>1234567890	
SEND OK	

4.6.4. Close UDP Service

AT+QICLOSE=2	//Close the service.
ОК	

4.7. **PING**

AT+QPING=1,"www.baidu.com"	//Ping www.baidu.com in context 1. Before pinging
	the destination IP address, host should activate the
	context with AT+QIACT first.
ОК	



+QPING: 0,"61.135.169.125",32,192,255

+QPING: 0,"61.135.169.125",32,240,255

+QPING: 0,"61.135.169.125",32,241,255

+QPING: 0,"61.135.169.125",32,479,255

+QPING: 0,4,4,0,192,479,287

4.8. Synchronize Local Time

AT+QNTP=1,"202.120.2.101",123

//Synchronize local time with NTP server "202.120.2.101:123". Before synchronizing the time, host should activate the context with

AT+QIACT first.

OK

+QNTP: 0,"2013/08/19,11:10:10+32"

AT+CCLK?

+CCLK: "13/08/19,11:10:57+32"

OK

4.9. Example of Getting Last Error Code

AT+QIOPEN=1,"**TCP**","**220.180.239.201**",**8033,0,1** //Start socket service, forget the <connectID>.

ERROR

AT+QIGETERROR

+QIGETERROR: 552, invalid parameters

OK