

### Features

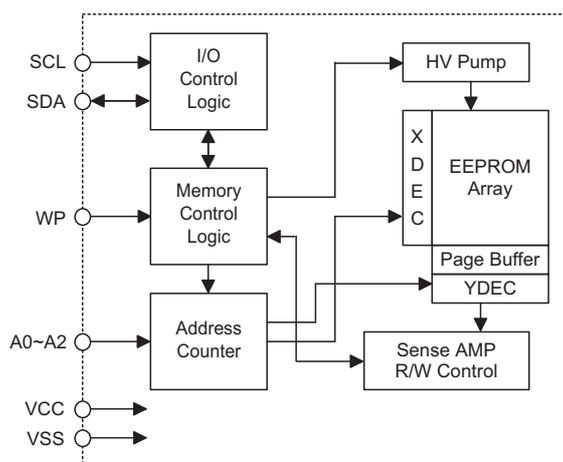
- Operating voltage: 2.2V~5.5V for temperature  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Low power consumption
  - Operation: 5mA max.
  - Standby: 2 $\mu\text{A}$  max.
- Internal organization: 1024 $\times$ 8
- 2-wire Serial Interface
- Write cycle time: 5ms max.
- Automatic erase-before-write operation
- Partial page write allowed
- 16-byte Page Write Mode
- Write operation with built-in timer
- Hardware controlled write protection
- 40-year data retention
- 10<sup>6</sup> rewrite cycles per word
- Industrial temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- 8-pin DIP/SOP/TSSOP package

### General Description

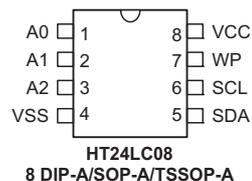
The HT24LC08 is an 8K-bit serial read/write non-volatile memory device using the CMOS floating gate process. Its 8192 bits of memory are organized into 1024 words and each word is 8 bits. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial applications where

low power and low voltage operation are essential. Up to two HT24LC08 devices may be connected to the same 2-wire bus. The HT24LC08 is guaranteed for 1M erase/write cycles and 40-year data retention.

### Block Diagram



### Pin Assignment



### Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O	Description
A0~A2	I	Address input
SDA	I/O	Serial data
SCL	I	Serial clock input
WP	I	Write protect
VSS	—	Negative power supply, ground
VCC	—	Positive power supply

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage .....	$V_{SS}-0.3V$ to $V_{SS}+6.0V$	Storage Temperature .....	$-50^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$
Input Voltage .....	$V_{SS}-0.3V$ to $V_{DD}+0.3V$	Operating Temperature .....	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

**D.C. Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		$V_{CC}$	Conditions				
$V_{CC}$	Operating Voltage	—	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.2	—	5.5	V
$I_{CC1}$	Operating Current	5V	Read at 100kHz	—	—	2	mA
$I_{CC2}$	Operating Current	5V	Write at 100kHz	—	—	5	mA
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage	—	—	-1	—	$0.3V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	—	—	$0.7V_{CC}$	—	$V_{CC}+0.5$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	2.4V	$I_{OL}=2.1mA$	—	—	0.4	V
$I_{LI}$	Input Leakage Current	5V	$V_{IN}=0$ or $V_{CC}$	—	—	1	$\mu A$
$I_{LO}$	Output Leakage Current	5V	$V_{OUT}=0$ or $V_{CC}$	—	—	1	$\mu A$
$I_{STB}$	Standby Current	2.2V~5.5V	$V_{IN}=0$ or $V_{CC}$	—	—	2	$\mu A$
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance (See Note)	—	f=1MHz 25°C	—	—	6	pF
$C_{OUT}$	Output Capacitance (See Note)	—	f=1MHz 25°C	—	—	8	pF

Note: These parameters are periodically sampled but not 100% tested

**A.C. Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Remark	Standard Mode*		$V_{CC}=3V\pm 10\%$		$V_{CC}=5V\pm 10\%$		Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$f_{SK}$	Clock Frequency	—	—	100	—	400	—	1000	kHz
$t_{HIGH}$	Clock High Time	—	4000	—	600	—	400	—	ns
$t_{LOW}$	Clock Low Time	—	4700	—	1200	—	600	—	ns
$t_r$	SDA and SCL Rise Time	Note	—	1000	—	300	—	300	ns
$t_f$	SDA and SCL Fall Time	Note	—	300	—	300	—	100	ns
$t_{HD:STA}$	START Condition Hold Time	After this period the first clock pulse is generated	4000	—	600	—	250	—	ns
$t_{SU:STA}$	START Condition Setup Time	Only relevant for repeated START condition	4000	—	600	—	250	—	ns
$t_{HD:DAT}$	Data Input Hold Time	—	0	—	0	—	—	—	ns
$t_{SU:DAT}$	Data Input Setup Time	—	200	—	100	—	100	—	ns
$t_{SU:STO}$	STOP Condition Setup Time	—	4000	—	600	—	250	—	ns
$t_{AA}$	Output Valid from Clock	—	—	3500	—	900	50	550	ns
$t_{BUF}$	Bus Free Time	Time in which the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	4700	—	1200	—	500	—	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Remark	Standard Mode*		V <sub>CC</sub> =3V±10%		V <sub>CC</sub> =5V±10%		Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>SP</sub>	Input Filter Time Constant (SDA and SCL Pins)	Noise suppression time	—	100	—	50	—	50	ns
t <sub>WR</sub>	Write Cycle Time	—	—	5	—	5	—	5	ms

Notes: These parameters are periodically sampled but not 100% tested

\* The standard mode means V<sub>CC</sub>= 2.2V to 5.5V at Ta= -40°C to +85°C

For relative timing, refer to timing diagrams

## Functional Description

- Serial clock (SCL)  
The SCL input is used for positive edge clock data into each EEPROM device and negative edge clock data out of each device.
- Serial data (SDA)  
The SDA pin is bidirectional for serial data transfer. The pin is open drain driven and may be wired-OR with any number of other open drain or open collector devices.
- A0, A1, A2  
The HT24LC08 uses the A2 input for hard wire addressing and a total of two 8K devices may be addressed on a single bus system. The A0 and A1 pins have no connection.
- Write protect (WP)  
The HT24LC08 has a write protect pin that provides hardware data protection. The write protect pin allows normal read/write operations when the connection is grounded. When the write protect pin is connected to V<sub>CC</sub>, the write protection feature is enabled and operates as shown in the following table.

WP Pin Status	Protect Array
At V <sub>CC</sub>	Full Array (8K)
At V <sub>SS</sub>	Normal Read/Write Operations

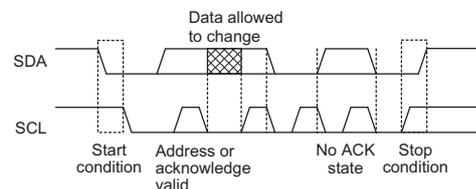
## Memory Organization

Internally organized with 1024 8-bit words, the 8K requires a 10-bit data word address for random word addressing.

## Device Operations

- Clock and data transition  
Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy. During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a START or STOP condition.

- Start condition  
A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition which must precede any other command (refer to Start and Stop Definition Timing diagram).
- Stop condition  
A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition. After a read sequence, the stop command will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode (refer to Start and Stop Definition Timing Diagram).
- Acknowledge  
All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in 8-bit words. The EEPROM sends a zero to acknowledge that it has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle.



## Device Addressing

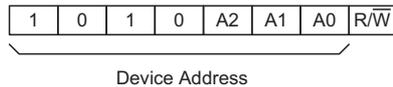
The 8K EEPROM device requires an 8-bit device address word following a start condition to enable the chip for a read or write operation. The device address word consists of a mandatory one, zero sequence for the first four most significant bits (refer to the diagram showing the Device Address). This is common to all the EEPROM device.

The 8K EEPROM uses the A2 device address bit with the next two bits for memory page addressing. The A2 bit must compare its corresponding hard-wired input pin. The A1 and A0 pins have no connection.

These page addressing bits on the 8K device should be considered the most significant bits of the data word address which follows. The A0 and A1 pins have no connection.

The 8th bit device address is the read/write operation select bit. A read operation is initiated if this bit is high and a write operation is initiated if this bit is low.

If the comparison of the device address succeed the EEPROM will output a zero at ACK bit. If not, the chip will return to a standby state.

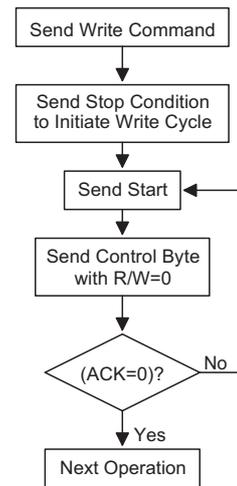


**Write Operations**

- **Byte write**  
A write operation requires an 8-bit data word address following the device address word and acknowledgment. Upon receipt of this address, the EEPROM will again respond with a zero and then clock in the first 8-bit data word. After receiving the 8-bit data word, the EEPROM will output a zero and the addressing device, such as a microcontroller, must terminate the write sequence with a stop condition. At this time the EEPROM enters an internally-timed write cycle to the nonvolatile memory. All inputs are disabled during this write cycle and EEPROM will not respond until write is complete (refer to Byte write timing).
- **Page write**  
The 8K EEPROM is capable of a 16-byte page write. A page write is initiated in the same way as a byte write, but the microcontroller does not send a stop condition after the first data word is clocked in. Instead, after the EEPROM acknowledges the receipt of the first data word, the microcontroller can transmit up to 15 more data words. The EEPROM will respond with a zero after each data word received. The microcontroller must terminate the page write sequence with a stop condition (refer to Page write timing).

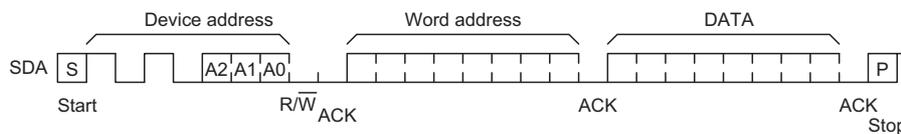
The data word address lower four bits are internally incremented following the receipt of each data word. The higher data word address bits are not incremented, retaining the memory page row location.

- **Acknowledge polling**  
To maximize bus throughput, one technique is to allow the master to poll for an acknowledge signal after the start condition and the control byte for a write command have been sent. If the device is still busy implementing its write cycle, then no ACK will be returned. The master can send the next read/write command when the ACK signal has finally been received.

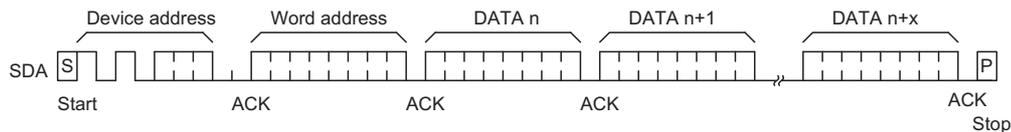


**Acknowledge Polling Flow**

- **Write protect**  
The HT24LC08 has a write-protect function and programming will then be inhibited when the WP pin is connected to VCC. Under this mode, the HT24LC08 is used as a serial ROM.



**Byte Write Timing**



**Page Write Timing**

- Read operations

The HT24LC08 supports three read operations, namely, current address read, random address read and sequential read. During read operation execution, the read/write select bit should be set to "1".

- Current address read

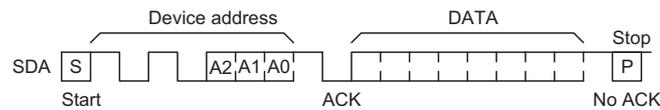
The internal data word address counter maintains the last address accessed during the last read or write operation, incremented by one. This address stays valid between operations as long as the chip power is maintained. The address roll over during read from the last byte of the last memory page to the first byte of the first page. The address roll over during write from the last byte of the current page to the first byte of the same page. Once the device address with the read/write select bit set to one is clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the current address data word is serially clocked out. The microcontroller should respond with a "no ACK" signal (high) followed by a stop condition (refer to Current read timing).

- Random read

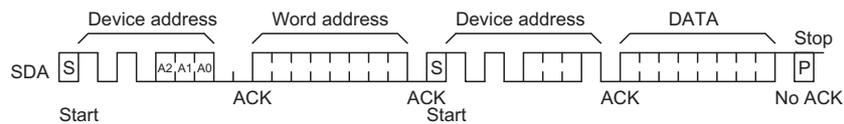
A random read requires a dummy byte write sequence to load in the data word address which is then clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM. The microcontroller must then generate another start condition. The microcontroller now initiates a current address read by sending a device address with the read/write select bit high. The EEPROM acknowledges the device address and serially clocks out the data word. The microcontroller should respond with a "no ACK" signal (high) followed by a stop condition (refer to Random read timing).

- Sequential read

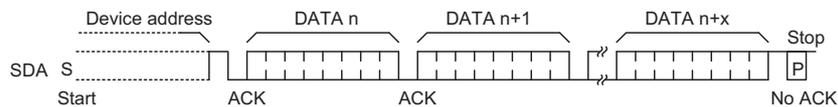
Sequential reads are initiated by either a current address read or a random address read. After the microcontroller receives a data word, it responds with an acknowledgment. As long as the EEPROM receives an acknowledgment, it will continue to increment the data word address and serially clock out sequential data words. When the memory address limit is reached, the data word address will roll over and the sequential read continues. The sequential read operation is terminated when the microcontroller responds with a "no ACK" signal (high) followed by a stop condition.



Current Read Timing

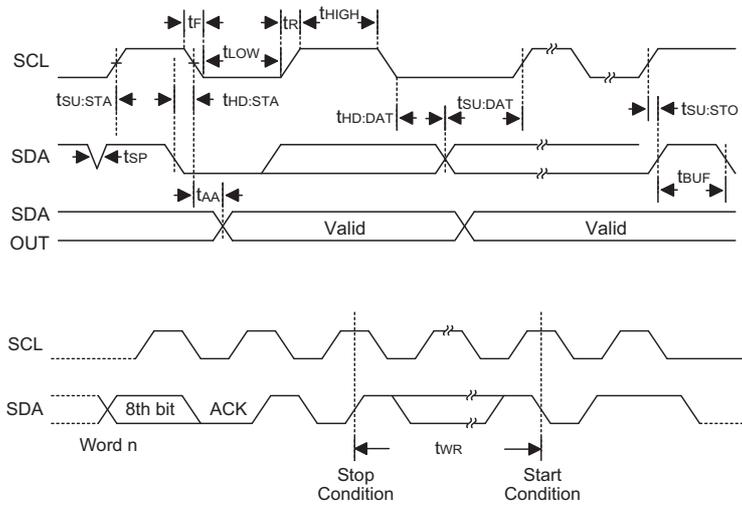


Random Read Timing



Sequential Read Timing

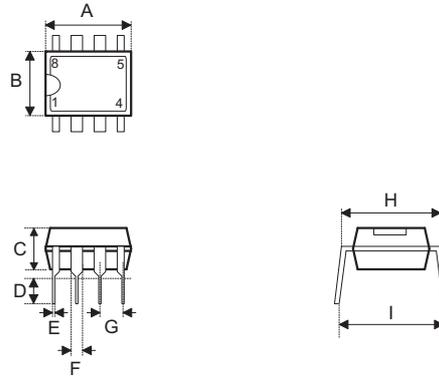
Timing Diagrams



Note: The write cycle time  $t_{WR}$  is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the valid start condition of sequential command.

**Package Information**

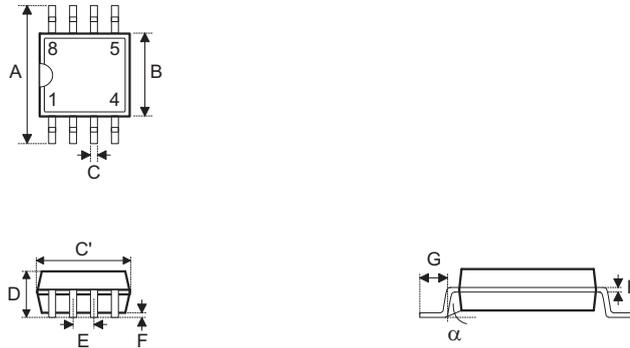
**8-pin DIP (300mil) Outline Dimensions**



Symbol	Dimensions in inch		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.355	—	0.375
B	0.240	—	0.260
C	0.125	—	0.135
D	0.125	—	0.145
E	0.016	—	0.020
F	0.050	—	0.070
G	—	0.100	—
H	0.295	—	0.315
I	—	0.375	—

Symbol	Dimensions in mm		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	9.02	—	9.53
B	6.10	—	6.60
C	3.18	—	3.43
D	3.18	—	3.68
E	0.41	—	0.51
F	1.27	—	1.78
G	—	2.54	—
H	7.49	—	8.00
I	—	9.53	—

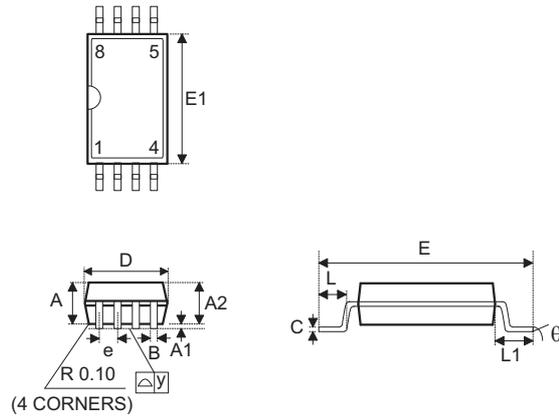
**8-pin SOP (150mil) Outline Dimensions**



• MS-012

Symbol	Dimensions in inch		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.228	—	0.244
B	0.150	—	0.157
C	0.012	—	0.020
C'	0.188	—	0.197
D	—	—	0.069
E	—	0.050	—
F	0.004	—	0.010
G	0.016	—	0.050
H	0.007	—	0.010
$\alpha$	0°	—	8°

Symbol	Dimensions in mm		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	5.79	—	6.20
B	3.81	—	3.99
C	0.30	—	0.51
C'	4.78	—	5.00
D	—	—	1.75
E	—	1.27	—
F	0.10	—	0.25
G	0.41	—	1.27
H	0.18	—	0.25
$\alpha$	0°	—	8°

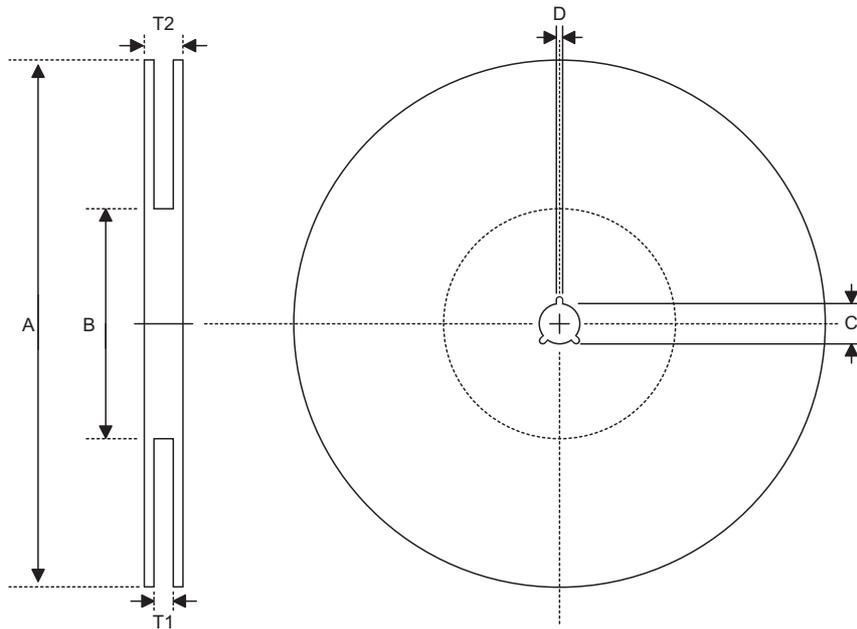
**8-pin TSSOP Outline Dimensions**


Symbol	Dimensions in inch		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.041	—	0.047
A1	0.002	—	0.006
A2	0.031	—	0.041
B	—	0.010	—
C	0.004	—	0.006
D	0.114	—	0.122
E	0.244	—	0.260
E1	0.169	—	0.177
e	—	0.026	—
L	0.020	—	0.028
L1	0.035	—	0.043
y	—	—	0.004
$\theta$	0°	—	8°

Symbol	Dimensions in mm		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	1.05	—	1.20
A1	0.05	—	0.15
A2	0.80	—	1.05
B	—	0.25	—
C	0.11	—	0.15
D	2.90	—	3.10
E	6.20	—	6.60
E1	4.30	—	4.50
e	—	0.65	—
L	0.50	—	0.70
L1	0.90	—	1.10
y	—	—	0.10
$\theta$	0°	—	8°

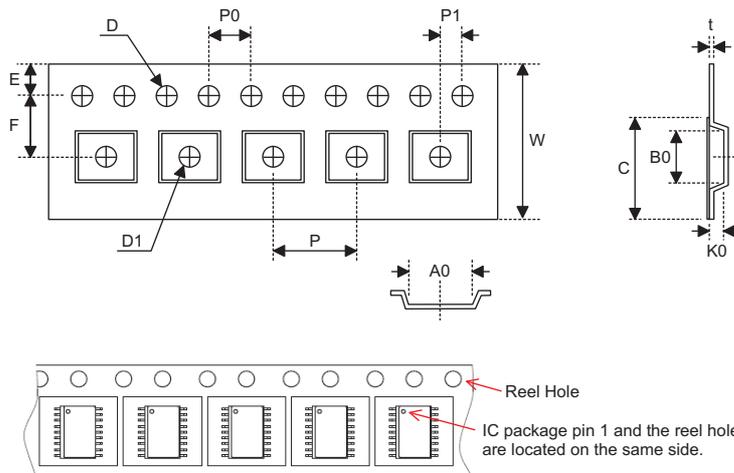
**Product Tape and Reel Specifications**

**Reel Dimensions**



SOP 8N, TSSOP 8L

Symbol	Description	Dimensions in mm
A	Reel Outer Diameter	330.0±1.0
B	Reel Inner Diameter	100.0±1.5
C	Spindle Hole Diameter	13.0 <sup>+0.5/-0.2</sup>
D	Key Slit Width	2.0±0.5
T1	Space Between Flange	12.8 <sup>+0.3/-0.2</sup>
T2	Reel Thickness	18.2±0.2

**Carrier Tape Dimensions**

**SOP 8N**

Symbol	Description	Dimensions in mm
W	Carrier Tape Width	12.0 <sup>+0.3/-0.1</sup>
P	Cavity Pitch	8.0±0.1
E	Perforation Position	1.75±0.1
F	Cavity to Perforation (Width Direction)	5.5±0.1
D	Perforation Diameter	1.55±0.10
D1	Cavity Hole Diameter	1.50±0.25
P0	Perforation Pitch	4.0±0.1
P1	Cavity to Perforation (Length Direction)	2.0±0.1
A0	Cavity Length	6.4±0.1
B0	Cavity Width	5.2±0.1
K0	Cavity Depth	2.1±0.1
t	Carrier Tape Thickness	0.30±0.05
C	Cover Tape Width	9.3±0.1

**TSSOP 8L**

Symbol	Description	Dimensions in mm
W	Carrier Tape Width	12.0 <sup>+0.3/-0.1</sup>
P	Cavity Pitch	8.0±0.1
E	Perforation Position	1.75±0.10
F	Cavity to Perforation (Width Direction)	5.5±0.5
D	Perforation Diameter	1.5 <sup>+0.1/-0.0</sup>
D1	Cavity Hole Diameter	1.5 <sup>+0.1/-0.0</sup>
P0	Perforation Pitch	4.0±0.1
P1	Cavity to Perforation (Length Direction)	2.0±0.1
A0	Cavity Length	7.0±0.1
B0	Cavity Width	3.6±0.1
K0	Cavity Depth	1.6±0.1
t	Carrier Tape Thickness	0.300±0.013
C	Cover Tape Width	9.3±0.1

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