

## Sensitive Gate Triacs Sillicon Bidirectional Thyristors

# TRIACS 4 AMPERES RMS 600 VOLTS

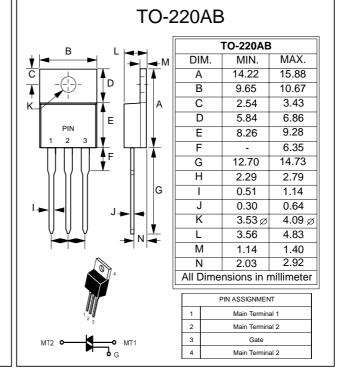
#### **FEATURES**

- Passivated Die for Reliability and Uniformity
- Four-Quadrant Triggering
- Blocking Voltage to 600 V
- On-State Current Rating of 4.0 Amperes RMS at 93° C
- Low Level Triggering and Holding Characteristics
- Pb-Free Package

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

• Case: Molded plastic

• Weight: 0.07 ounces, 2.0 grams



#### MAXIMUM RATINGS (Tj= 25°C unless otherwise noticed)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Repetitive Off– State Voltage (TJ= -40 to 110℃, Sine Wave, 50 to 60 Hz; Gate Open)	e Wave, 50 to 60 Hz; Gate Open)  VDRM, VRRM		Volts
On-State RMS Current (Full cycles sine wave, 60Hz,Tc = 93°C)	IT(RMS)	4	Amp
Peak Non-Repetitive Surge Current (One full cycle 60Hz, Tj=25℃)	ITSM	40	Amps
Circuit Fusing Consideration (t = 8.3ms)	l <sup>2</sup> t	6.6	A <sup>2</sup> s
Peak Gate Power (Pulse Width<=10usec,TC =93℃)	Рдм	0.5	Watt
Average Gate Power (t=8.3 msec, TC = 93°C)	PG(AV) 0.1		Watt
Peak Gate Current (Pulse Width≤10usec,TC =93°C)	lgм	0.2	Amp
Peak Gate Voltage (Pulse Width≦10usec,TC =93℃)	VGM	5.0	Volts
perating Junction Temperature Range		-40 to +110	$^{\circ}$
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg -40 to +150		
otice: (1) VDRM and VRRM for all types can be applied on a continuous basis. Blocking REV. 0, Aug-2006			TXC02

Notice: (1) VDRM and VRRM for all types can be applied on a continuous basis. Blocking voltages shall not be tested with a constant current source such that the voltage ratings of the devices are exceeded.



THERM	ΙΔΙ	CHARACTERISTI	CS
		CHANACIENIST	

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Case - Junction to Ambient	RthJC RthJA	2.2 62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes (1/8" from Case for 10 Seconds)	TL	260	$^{\circ}$ C

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (TJ=25 °C unless otherwise noted)

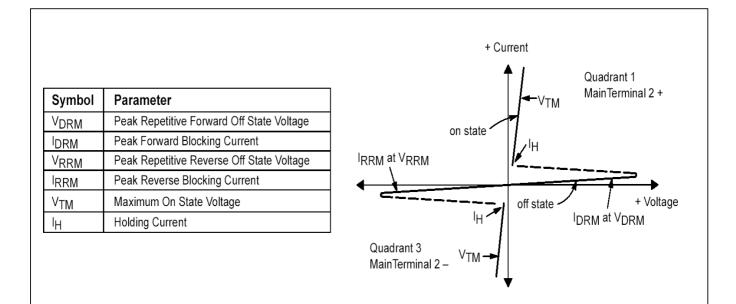
Characteristics		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				'		
Peak Reptitive Forward or Reverse Blocking Current (VD=Rated VDRM and VRRM, Gate Open)	TJ=25℃ TJ=110℃	IDRM IRRM			10 2.0	uA mA
ON CHARACTERISTICS						
Peak Forward On-State Voltage (ITM= $\pm$ 6.0A Peak @Tp $\leq$ 2.0 ms, Duty Cycle $\leq$ 2%)		Vтм		1.3	1.6	Volts

Peak Forward On-State Voltage (ITM=± 6.0A Peak @Tp $\leq$ 2.0 ms, Duty Cycle $\leq$ 2%)	Vтм		1.3	1.6	Volts
Gate Trigger Current (Continuous dc) (VD = 12 V, RL = 100 Ohms)	IGT1 IGT2 IGT3 IGT4	  	1.8 2.1 2.4 4.2	3.0 3.0 3.0 5.0	mA
Gate Trigger Voltage (Continuous dc) (VD = 12 V, RL =100 Ohms)	VGT1 VGT2 VGT3 VGT4	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	0.62 0.57 0.65 0.74	1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	Volts
Holding Current (VD = 12V, Initiating Current = ± 200 mA, Gate Open)	lΗ		1.5	15	mA
Gate Non - Trigger Voltage (Continuous dc) (VD = VDRM, RL =100 Ohms, TJ=110°ℂ	VGD	0.1	0.4		Volts
Latching Current (VD = 12V, IG = 5.0 mA)	IL1 IL2 IL3 IL4	  	1.75 5.2 2.1 2.2	10 10 10 10	mA

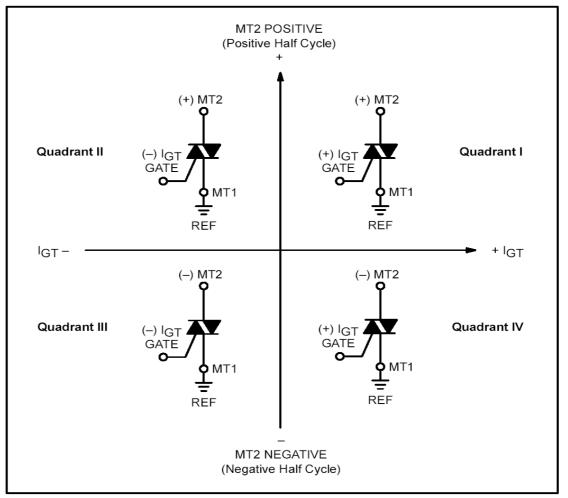
#### **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage (VD = 0.67 X Rated VDRM, Exponential Waveform, Gate Open, TJ = 110℃)	dv/dt	5	 	V/us
Gate Open, TJ = 110°C)				





### **Quadrant Definitions**



All polarities are referenced to MT1 Whith in -phase signal (using standard AC lines) quadrants I and III are used



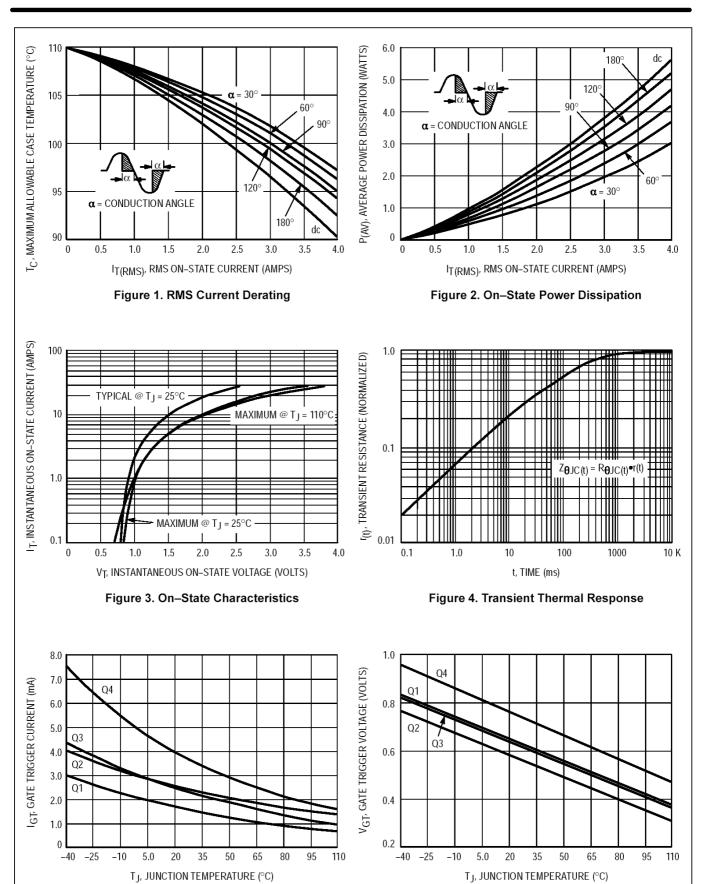


Figure 5. Typical Gate Trigger Current versus

Junction Temperature

Figure 6. Typical Gate Trigger Voltage versus

Junction Temperature



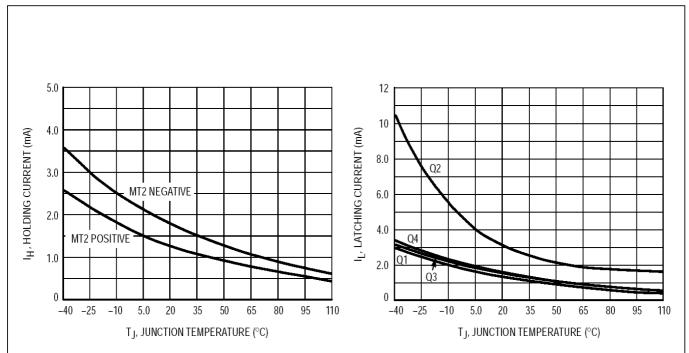


Figure 7. Typical Holding Current versus Junction Temperature

Figure 8. Typical Latching Current versus Junction Temperature

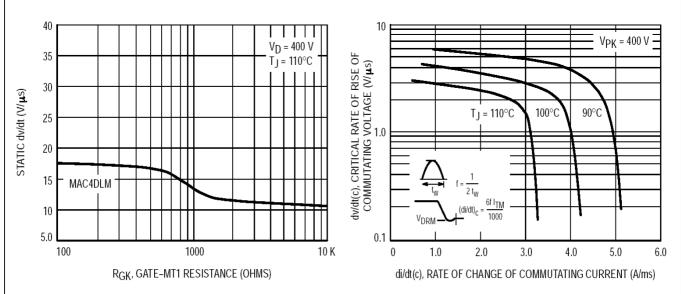


Figure 9. Minimum Exponential Static dv/dt versus Gate–MT1 Resistance

Figure 10. Critical Rate of Rise of Commutating Voltage

<sup>©</sup>Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice.